OYSTER BAY – EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

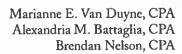
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Oyster Bay – East Norwich Central School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Oyster Bay – East Norwich Central School District (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the year ended June 30, 2022. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total other post-employment benefits liability, schedule of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability, schedule of the District's contributions and related ratios on pages 1 through 16 and 57 through 61, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance

on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary financial information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

R. S. abrans + Co., XXP

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP Islandia, New York September 20, 2022

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Oyster Bay-East Norwich Central School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. <u>FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS</u>

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The District's expenses for the fiscal year, as reflected in the District-Wide Financial Statements, totaled \$55,091,638. Of this amount, \$695,911 was offset by charges for services and \$2,543,550 by operating grants and contributions. General revenues of \$58,693,918 amount to 94.77% of total revenues.
- The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 (GASB Statement No. 87), *Leases*, in 2022. See Note 18 to the financial statements for further information.
- New York State Law limits the amount of assigned and unassigned fund balance, excluding encumbrances and amounts designated for the subsequent year's budget, which can be retained by the general fund up to 4.00% of the ensuing year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District was within the statutory limit.

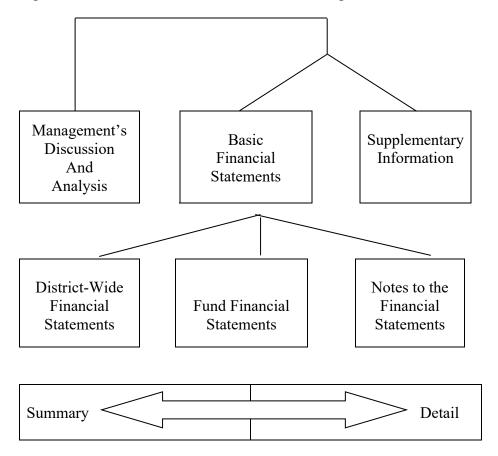
2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-Wide Financial Statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *Fund Financial Statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the operations in *more detail* than the District-Wide Statements.
 - o The *Governmental Fund Statements* tell how basic services such as instruction and support functions were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. The table below shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report



The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide	
	Statements	Fund Financial Statements
		Governmental
Scope	Entire entity	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as special education and instruction
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Modified accrual and current financial resources measurement focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets, intangible lease assets, or long-term liabilities included
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-Wide Financial Statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-Wide Financial Statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the financial health or position of the District.

- Over time, increases and decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differs from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets and intangible lease assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase, finance, or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation expense and amortization expense are not calculated if it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and intangible lease assets and long-term liabilities are both accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

District-Wide Financial Statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets and intangible lease assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets and amortize intangible lease assets and allocate the depreciation or amortization expense to the proper program/activities;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets;
 - Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of governments) or approved by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation;
 - *Unrestricted net position* is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York.

The District has one kind of fund:

• Governmental funds: Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the District. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-Wide Statements, additional schedules explains the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the government fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often has a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund, miscellaneous special revenue fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund. Required statements are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

Non-current assets and long term liabilities for 2021 have been restated to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. See Note 18 to the financial statements for further information.

	As Restated 2021		A	As Reported 2021	Increase (Decrease)		
Non-current assets	\$	44,811,879	\$	44,567,971	\$	243,908	
Long-term liabilities		96,159,133		96,094,572		64,561	
Net investment in capital assets		38,214,478		38,035,131		179,347	

The District's net deficit decreased by \$6,841,741 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as detailed in the table that follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities

				Total
		As Restated		Percentage
	2022	2021	Change	Change
Current assets and other assets	\$ 23,507,625	\$ 24,141,816	\$ (634,191)	-2.63%
Capital assets and intangible lease assets	43,876,404	44,811,879	(935,475)	-2.09%
Net pension asset -proportionate share	27,051,563		27,051,563	100.00%
Total Assets	94,435,592	68,953,695	25,481,897	36.96%
Deferred outflows of resources	29,162,813	32,892,395	(3,729,582)	-11.34%
Total assets and	_			
deferred outflows of resources	123,598,405	101,846,090	21,752,315	21.36%
Other liabilities	4,369,768	5,049,908	(680,140)	-13.47%
Long-term liabilities	75,196,048	96,159,133	(20,963,085)	-21.80%
Total Liabilities	79,565,816	101,209,041	(21,643,225)	-21.38%
Deferred inflows of resources	55,370,044	18,816,245	36,553,799	194.27%
Total liabilities and				
deferred inflows of resources	134,935,860	120,025,286	14,910,574	12.42%
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets	39,337,521	38,214,478	1,123,043	2.94%
Restricted	14,003,426	12,912,157	1,091,269	8.45%
Unrestricted (deficit)	(64,678,402)	(69,305,831)	4,627,429	-6.68%
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (11,337,455)	\$ (18,179,196)	\$ 6,841,741	-37.64%

Current assets and other assets decreased by \$634,191, or 2.63%, primarily as a result of decreases in taxes receivable and due from other governments.

Capital assets (net of depreciation) decreased by \$935,475, or 2.09%, due to current year depreciation offset by various ongoing construction projects.

The net pension asset – proportionate share - teachers' retirement system and the net pension asset – proportionate share - employees' retirement system resulted in a total net pension asset of \$27,051,563 as a result of the actuarial valuation provided by the state.

The change in deferred outflows of resources represents amortization of the pension related items and the change in the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as discussed in Note 13, the amortization of deferred outflows related to the total other post-employment benefits obligation, as discussed in Note 15, and the amortization of deferred charges on refunding, as discussed in Note 8.

Other liabilities decreased by \$680,140, or 13.47%, from the prior year, primarily resulting from decreases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, offset by an increase in due to teachers retirement.

Long term liabilities decreased by \$20,963,085 or 21.80%, from the prior year, which was due to the District's decrease in the total other post-employment benefit obligation and net pension liability – proportionate share – teachers' retirement system and employees' system. The net pension liability is now a pension asset.

The changes in deferred inflows represent amortization of pension related items, as discussed in Note 13, and the amortization of deferred inflows related to the total other post-employment benefits obligation, as discussed in Note 15.

The net investment in capital assets relates to the investment in capital assets and intangible lease assets at cost (and at the present value of future lease payments remaining on the lease term for intangible lease assets) such as land and land improvements, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, and furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and related debt. The amount increased over the prior year by \$1,123,043, or 2.94%, primarily due to a slight increase in capital assets and current year principal payments on debt and amortization of premiums exceeding depreciation expense and amortization expense.

The restricted net position balance in the amount of \$14,003,426 relates to the District's reserves: capital, retirement contribution, employee benefit accrued liability, unemployment insurance, and general insurance, as well as the amounts restricted for scholarships and donations and debt service. The restricted amount increased by \$1,091,269, or 8.45%.

The unrestricted net deficit at June 30, 2022 of \$64,678,402 relates to the balance of the District's net position. The unrestricted net deficit decreased by \$4,627,429 or 6.68%.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of this statement for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results - Governmental Activities Only

Program Revenues Charges for services Operating grants and contributions General Revenues Real property taxes and other tax items State sources Federal sources Use of money and property Other Total Revenues Expenses General support		Fiscal Year 2022		Fiscal Year 2021		Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	695,911	\$	1,303,034	\$	(607,123)	-46.59%
Operating grants and contributions		2,543,550		1,741,913		801,637	46.02%
General Revenues							
Real property taxes and other tax items		55,255,829		54,458,186		797,643	1.46%
State sources		3,226,555		3,204,756		21,799	0.68%
Federal sources		66,822		37,199		29,623	79.63%
Use of money and property		97,127		55,708		41,419	74.35%
Other		47,585		1,239,495		(1,191,910)	-96.16%
Total Revenues	\$	61,933,379	\$	62,040,291	\$	(106,912)	-0.17%
Expenses						_	
General support	\$	8,890,701	\$	10,581,593	\$	(1,690,892)	-15.98%
Instruction		41,223,819		48,643,255		(7,419,436)	-15.25%
Pupil transportation		4,047,180		3,529,262		517,918	14.67%
Community service		44,972		7,492		37,480	500.27%
Debt service - interest		102,390		325,793		(223,403)	-68.57%
Food service program		782,576		733,451		49,125	6.70%
Total Expenses	\$	55,091,638	\$	63,820,846	\$	(8,729,208)	-13.68%
Total Change in Net Position	\$	6,841,741	\$	(1,780,555)	\$	(8,622,296)	484.25%

Information for 2021 was not restated because the information necessary was not readily available. The cumulative effect of applying the change in accounting principle is shown as an adjustment to beginning net position. See Note 18 for more information.

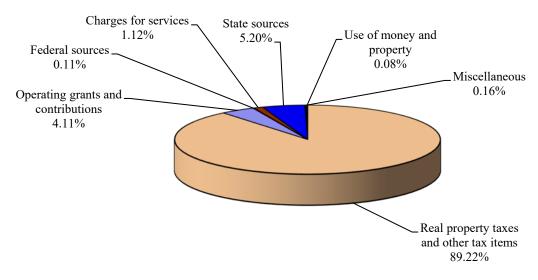
The District's total fiscal year 2022 revenues totaled \$61,933,379. Real property taxes and other tax items, coupled with state sources, accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 89.22% and 5.20% of total revenues, respectively. The remainder came from charges for services, operating grants and contributions, use of money and property, federal sources, and other miscellaneous sources.

Charges for services decreased by \$607,123, or 46.59%, which is primarily attributable to decreases in tuition from other districts. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$801,637, or 46.02%, which is primarily attributable to increases in federal grants.

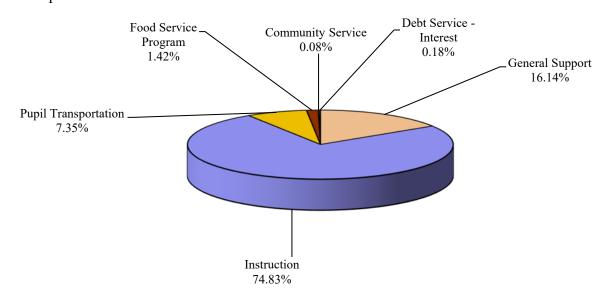
State sources increased due to increases in basic aid, excess cost aid, and other state aid.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$55,091,638 for fiscal year 2022. These expenses are predominantly related to instruction, which account for 74.83% of total costs. The District's general support activities accounted for 16.14% of total costs.

Revenues for Fiscal Year 2022



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2022



4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the Fund Financial Statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-Wide Financial Statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the **current financial resources measurement focus** and the **modified accrual basis of accounting**. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets and intangible lease assets purchased and financed by the District. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's combined governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$18,662,999, which is an increase of \$923,034, or 5.20%, from the prior year. See the table on the following page for more information.

A summary of the changes in fund balances for all funds is as follows:

A summary of the changes in fund barance	is for all fullas	15 d5 10110W5.		Total
			Increase/	Percentage
	2022	2021	(Decrease)	Change
General Fund			(= ::::::)	
Restricted for capital	\$4,071,698	\$4,034,220	\$37,478	0.93%
Restricted for retirement contribution				
Employees' retirement system	2,510,715	2,508,079	2,636	0.11%
Teachers' retirement system	1,008,545	498,127	510,418	102.47%
Restricted for employee benefit		Ź	ŕ	
accrued liability	2,106,640	2,169,371	(62,731)	-2.89%
Restricted for unemployment insurance	80,236	80,152	84	0.10%
Restricted for insurance	394,479	294,170	100,309	34.10%
Assigned-general support	146,805	74,012	72,793	98.35%
Assigned-instruction	33,435	152,105	(118,670)	-78.02%
Assigned-employee benefits	-	7,115	(7,115)	-100.00%
Assigned-appropriated for				
subsequent year's expenditures	1,228,081	1,228,081	_	0.00%
Unassigned	2,484,289	2,456,380	27,909	1.14%
Total fund balance - General Fund	\$14,064,923	\$13,501,812	\$563,111	4.17%
School Lunch Fund				
Nonspendable - inventory	\$8,398	\$4,699	\$3,699	78.72%
Assigned - unappropriated	373,147	120,617	252,530	209.37%
Total fund balance - School Lunch Fund	\$381,545	\$125,316	\$256,229	204.47%
Total fund balance - School Edilen Fund	\$301,343	\$123,310	\$250,229	204.4770
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund				
Restricted for scholarships and donations	\$566,105	\$566,105	\$0	0.00%
Assigned - unappropriated fund balance	218,672	231,151	(12,479)	-5.40%
Total fund balance -				
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	\$784,777	\$797,256	(\$12,479)	-1.57%
Debt Service Fund				
Restricted for debt service	\$697,264	\$446,225	\$251,039	56.26%
Resulted for dest service	ψοντ,201	Ψ110,223	Ψ251,059	30.2070
Capital Projects Fund				
Restricted for capital projects	\$2,567,744	\$2,315,708	\$252,036	10.88%
Restricted for unspent bond proceeds	-	247,662	(\$247,662)	-100.00%
Assigned - unappropriated	166,746	305,986	(139,240)	-45.51%
Total fund balance - Capital Projects Fund	\$2,734,490	\$2,869,356	(\$134,866)	-4.70%
Total Fund Balance - all funds	\$18,662,999	\$17,739,965	\$923,034	5.20%

The District can attribute changes to fund balances and reserves primarily due to operating results, use of restricted fund balances to support appropriations, Board approved transfers, and allocation of interest and earnings.

A. General Fund

The fund balance in the general fund increased by \$563,111 which is the result of revenues and other financing sources of \$60,192,017 exceeding expenditures and other financing uses of \$59,628,906.

B. School Lunch Fund

The fund balance in the school lunch fund increased by \$256,229. This increase is due to a current year operating surplus of \$255,767 and a transfer of \$462 from the general fund.

C. Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund

The fund balance in the miscellaneous special revenue fund decreased by \$12,479 due to extraclassroom and scholarships and donations expenditures exceeding revenues.

D. Debt Service Fund

The fund balance in the debt service fund increased by \$251,039 due to interest earnings and an interfund transfer from the general fund, offset by debt service expenditures.

E. Capital Projects Fund

The fund balance in the capital projects fund decreased by \$134,866. This decrease was due to an excess of expenditures over other financing sources. The capital projects fund had capital outlays of \$1,053,537 and transfers to the general fund and debt service fund for unneeded authorizations for closed projects, offset by \$1,233,000 received in general fund appropriation transfers from the capital reserve and the technology reserve.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2021-2022 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$61,409,503. This amount was adjusted by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$233,232, a voter approved transfer from the capital reserve and technology reserve of \$1,233,000, and gifts and donations of \$6,174, which resulted in a final budget of \$62,881,909. The majority of the funding was derived from property taxes and other tax items.

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 established a property tax levy limit that restricted the amount of property taxes school districts can levy. Commencing with fiscal years that began in 2012, school districts are not authorized to increase its property tax levy by more than 2% or the rate of inflation,

whichever is less, based on a multi-step formula. However, certain tax levy limit exclusions may apply. If a school district's proposed tax levy increase is within its limit, a simple majority of voters is needed for budget approval. If the proposed tax levy increase exceeds the tax levy limit, a supermajority of voters, 60% or more, would be required for budget passage. The District's tax levy increase of 1.14% for 2022-23 was in compliance with the statutory tax levy limit increase as required by New York State and was approved by a simple majority of the qualified voters.

B. Change in the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund unassigned fund balance is a component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and assignments to fund subsequent years' budgets. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as "fund balance." The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget are as follows:

Opening, unassigned fund balance	\$ 2,456,380
Revenues over budget	404,421
Expenditures and encumbrances under budget	3,072,763
Interest allocated to the reserves	(10,072)
Use of reserves	65,011
Funding of reserves	(1,876,133)
Unused appropriated reserves	(400,000)
Assigned-appropriated for June 30, 2023 budget	(1,228,081)
Closing, unassigned fund balance	\$ 2,484,289

The opening unassigned fund balance of \$2,456,380 is the June 30, 2021 unassigned fund balance.

The revenues over budget of \$404,421 were primarily related to real property taxes, charges for services, use of money and property, and federal sources (see Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

The expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances under budget of \$3,072,763 were primarily related to general support, instruction, and employee benefits (see Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

Interest of \$10,072 was allocated to the reserves as follows: \$4,240 to the capital reserve and technology reserve, \$3,159 to the retirement contribution reserve, \$2,280 to the employee benefits accrued liability reserve, \$84 to the unemployment reserve and \$309 to the insurance reserve.

The District utilized \$65,011 of the employee benefit accrued liability reserve for employee benefits.

The funding of reserves of \$1,876,133 includes \$100,000 to the insurance reserve, \$509,895 to the teachers retirement system reserve, \$500,000 to the technology reserve, and \$766,238 to the capital reserve.

The District appropriated \$400,000 of reserves and did not utilize in the current year.

The assigned-appropriated fund balance of \$1,228,081 for the June 30, 2023 budget is the amount the District has chosen to use to fund its operating budget for 2022-2023.

The closing unassigned fund balance represents the fund balance retained by the District that is not reserved or assigned for subsequent years' taxes. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 restricts this number to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The District's unassigned fund balance is within the legal limit.

6. CAPITAL ASSET/INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets and Intangible Lease Assets

The District paid for equipment and various building additions and renovations during the fiscal year 2022. A summary of the District's capital assets and intangible lease assets net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization are as follows:

Capital Assets and Intangible Lease Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization)

	As Restated								
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage					
Category	2022	2021	(Decrease)	Change					
Land	\$645,350	\$645,350	\$ -	0.00%					
Land improvements	4,994,862	4,994,862	-	0.00%					
Buildings and building improvements	61,054,838	59,950,932	1,103,906	1.84%					
Construction in progress	5,057,024	5,107,393	(50,369)	-0.99%					
Furniture and equipment	5,291,472	5,081,367	210,105	4.13%					
Subtotal	77,043,546	75,779,904	1,263,642	1.67%					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	33,348,053	31,211,933	2,136,120	6.84%					
Total net capital assets	\$43,695,493	\$44,567,971	(\$872,478)	-1.96%					
Intangible lease assets, net of amortization	\$180,911	\$243,908	(\$62,997)	-25.83%					

Depreciation expense was \$2,248,579 and amortization expense was \$62,997. See Note 9 to the financial statements for detail.

B. Long-Term Debt Obligations

At June 30, 2022, the District had total bonds payable of \$3,880,000. During fiscal year 2022, the District reduced existing bonds payable with principal payments of \$1,940,000. The District also had other long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2022, of \$80,387 related to energy performance contract debt payable and \$178,076 related to lease liability. During fiscal year 2022, the District reduced energy performance contract debt payable and lease liability with principal payments of \$157,424 and \$65,832, respectively.

A summary of outstanding debt at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

		As Restated	Increase
	2022	2021	(Decrease)
Serial bonds payable	\$3,880,000	\$5,820,000	(\$1,940,000)
Energy performance contract debt payable	80,387	237,811	(157,424)
Installment purchase debt payable	-	179,347	(179,347)
Lease liability	178,076	243,908	(65,832)
Total	\$4,138,463	\$6,481,066	(\$2,342,603)

Refer to Note 12 disclosure for further detail on the District's long-term debt obligations.

7. FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- **A.** The general fund budget for the 2022-2023 school year in the amount of \$62,107,217 was approved by voters. This is an increase of \$697,714, or 1.14%, over the previous year's budget. The increase was primarily due to increases in personnel costs and other instruction-related expenses.
- **B.** The 2022-23 budget is negatively impacted by certain trends impacting school districts. The property tax levy limit, enacted by the NYS Legislature beginning in the 2012-13 fiscal year, continues to negatively impact school districts, especially given fluctuations in state aid. Although increases in required contributions to pension plans have slowed, health insurance costs have continued to trend upwards at rates that exceed annual Consumer Price Index ("CPI") levels.

8. <u>CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT</u>

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Oyster Bay-East Norwich Central School District
Dr. Francesco Ianni
Superintendent of Schools
Oyster Bay, New York 11771
(516) 624-6500

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Unrestricted	\$ 6,046,794
Restricted	13,758,206
Receivables	
Accounts receivable	21,653
State and federal aid	971,795
Taxes receivable	1,826,877
Due from other governments	369,341
Other assets	504,561
Inventories	8,398
Non-current assets	
Capital assets	
Not being depreciated	5,702,374
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	37,993,119
Intangible lease assets, net of accumulated amortization	180,911
Net pension asset - proportionate share - employees' retirement system	1,019,110
Net pension asset - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system	26,032,453
TOTAL ASSETS	94,435,592
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	17,011,168
Other post-employment benefits obligation	12,098,649
Deferred charges on refunding	52,996
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	29,162,813
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	\$ 646,876
Accrued liabilities	363,191
Accrued interest payable	29,703
Due to other governments	236,982
Due to teachers' retirement system	2,785,507
Due to employees' retirement system	125,893
Compensated absences payable	65,011
Unearned credits	
Collections in advance	116,605
Long-term liabilities	.,
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable (inclusive of unamortized premiums)	2,219,583
Lease liability	51,889
Energy performance contract debt payable	80,387
Compensated absences payable	66,861
Due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable (inclusive of unamortized premiums)	2,113,863
Lease liability	126,187
Compensated absences payable	175,115
Total other post-employment benefits obligation	70,362,163
TOTAL LIABILITIES	79,565,816
101112 2111221120	77,000,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	32,614,421
Other post-employment benefits obligation	22,755,623
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	55,370,044
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	39,337,491
Restricted	
Capital	6,639,442
Retirement contribution	*,***,**=
Employees' retirement system	2,510,715
Teachers' retirement system	1,008,545
Employee benefit accrued liability	2,106,640
Unemployment insurance	80,236
Insurance	394,479
Scholarships and donations	566,105
Debt service	697,264
	14,003,426
	- 1,000,120
Unrestricted (deficit)	(64,678,372)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (11,337,455)

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and			
		F	(Charges for	_	rating Grants	Changes in Net Position				
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services	and	<u>Contributions</u>		Net Position			
General support	\$	(8,890,701)					\$	(8,890,701)			
Instruction	Ψ	(41,223,819)	\$	693,199	\$	1,387,401	Ψ	(39,143,219)			
Pupil transportation		(4,047,180)	Ψ	0,0,1,,	Ψ	130,202		(3,916,978)			
Community service		(44,972)				, -		(44,972)			
Debt service - interest		(102,390)						(102,390)			
Food service program		(782,576)		2,712		1,025,947		246,083			
TOTAL FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	\$	(55,091,638)	\$	695,911	\$	2,543,550	\$	(51,852,177)			
Real property taxes Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement Use of money & property Sale of property and compensation for loss Premium on obligations Miscellaneous State sources Medicaid Reimbursement TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES								53,112,712 2,143,117 97,127 37,820 28,105 (18,340) 3,226,555 66,822 58,693,918			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								6,841,741			
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)- BEGINNING	G OF	YEAR, AS RE	STA	TED (SEE NO	TE 18	3)		(18,179,196)			
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YE	CAR						\$	(11,337,455)			

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Ger	neral		Special Aid		School Lunch	M	iscellaneous Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents														
Unrestricted	\$ 5	5,184,043	\$	8,927	\$	277,288	\$	69,356			\$	507,180	\$	6,046,794
Restricted	10	,172,313						571,894	\$	446,255		2,567,744		13,758,206
Receivables														
Accounts receivable		21,653												21,653
State and federal aid		164,393		638,947		168,455								971,795
Taxes receivable	1	,826,877												1,826,877
Due from other governments		369,341												369,341
Due from other funds		607,739				-		143,527		251,009				1,002,275
Other assets		504,561												504,561
Inventories						8,398								8,398
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18	3,850,920	\$	647,874	\$	454,141	\$	784,777	\$	697,264	\$	3,074,924	\$	24,509,900
LIABILITIES														
Payables														
Accounts payable	\$	561,374	\$	47,026	\$	9,059					\$	29,417	\$	646,876
Accrued liabilities		363,191												363,191
Due to other governments		236,933				49								236,982
Due to other funds		143,527		546,315		1,416						311,017		1,002,275
Due to teachers' retirement system	2	2,785,507												2,785,507
Due to employees' retirement system		125,893												125,893
Compensated absences		65,011												65,011
Unearned credits														
Collections in advance				54,533		62,072								116,605
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4	,281,436		647,874		72,596		-		-		340,434		5,342,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenues		504,561												504,561
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		504,561		-		-		-	_					504,561
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: inventory						8,398								8,398
Restricted						0,390								0,390
Capital	1	1,071,698										2,567,744		6,639,442
Retirement contribution	-	,071,096										2,307,744		0,039,442
Employees' retirement system	2	2,510,715												2,510,715
Teachers' retirement system		,008,545												1,008,545
Employee benefit accrued liability		2,106,640												2,106,640
Unemployment insurance		80,236												80,236
Insurance		394,479												394,479
Scholarships and donations		374,477					\$	566,105						566,105
Debt service							Ψ	300,103	\$	697,264				697,264
Assigned									Ψ	077,204				077,204
Appropriated fund balance	1	,228,081												1,228,081
Unappropriated	1	180,240				373,147		218,672				166,746		938,805
Unassigned	2	2,484,289				5,5,17/		210,072				100,740		2,484,289
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,064,923	_	-	_	381,545		784,777	_	697,264	_	2,734,490		18,662,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS														
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 18	3,850,920	\$	647,874	\$	454,141	\$	784,777	\$	697,264	\$	3,074,924	\$	24,509,900

\$ (11,337,455)

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 18,662,999
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because	cause:	
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) finance governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position include those among the assets of the district as a whole, and their original costs are expensed a their useful lives.	he assets do capital assets	
Original cost of capital assets \$ Accumulated depreciation (77,043,546 (33,348,053)	43,695,493
The present value cost of leasing capital assets financed from the governmental funds are expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance she the Statement of Net Position include those intangible leased assets among the assets of the a whole, and their original present value costs are expensed annually over the shorter of the lives or the length of the lease agreements.	eet. However, ne district as	
Original present value cost of intangible leased assets Accumulated amortization	\$243,908 (62,997)	180,911
Deferred charges on refunding of bonds are not reported on the Balance Sheet, but are ref Statement of Net Position and amortized over the life of the related bonds.	lected on the	52,996
Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenues - The Statement of Net Position recognize received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenues under accrual method.		504,561
Deferred inflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognized revenues and under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenues and expenditure modified accrual method. These amounts will be amortized in future years. Deferred inflows related to pensions	•	
•	(22,755,623)	(55,370,044)
Deferred outflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes expendituunder the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize expenditures under the modern method. Deferred outflows that will be recognized as expenditures in future periods a	lified accrual	
Deferred outflows related to pensions \$ Deferred outflows related to total OPEB liability	17,011,168 12,098,649	29,109,817
Certain disbursements previously expended in the governmental funds and invested with a system are treated as long term assets and increase net position. The teachers' retirement stand employees' retirement system pension asset-proportionate share amounted to:		27,051,563
Payables that are associated with long-term liabilities that are not payable in the current pereported as liabilities in the funds. Additional payables relating to long-term liabilities at y consisted of accrued interest payable of:		(29,703)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not re liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consisted of:	ported as	
Bonds payable (inclusive of unamortized premiums) \$ Lease liability	(4,333,446) (178,076)	
Energy performance contract debt payable Compensated absences payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation	(80,387) (241,976) (70,362,163)	(75,196,048)

Total Net Position (deficit)

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					-		
Real property taxes Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement Charges for services	\$ 53,112,712 2,143,117 1,163,448			\$ 160,396			\$ 53,112,712 2,143,117 1,323,844
Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss	93,663 37,820		\$ 17	70	\$ 3,377		97,127 37,820
Miscellaneous State sources	248,452 3,226,555	\$ 460,603	2,539 18,676	18,411			269,402 3,705,834
Federal sources Sales - school lunch	71,479	1,033,932	1,007,271 2,712				2,112,682 2,712
TOTAL REVENUES	60,097,246	1,494,535	1,031,215	178,877	3,377		62,805,250
EXPENDITURES							
General support Instruction Pupil transportation	6,953,289 32,682,934 3,909,320	1,459,374 130,202		191,356			6,953,289 34,333,664 4,039,522
Community service Employee benefits	36,955 12,286,475						36,955 12,286,475
Debt service - principal Debt service - interest	65,832 40,801				2,097,424 227,374		2,163,256 268,175
Cost of sales Capital outlay		-	775,448			\$ 1,053,537	775,448 1,053,537
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	55,975,606	1,589,576	775,448	191,356	2,324,798	1,053,537	61,910,321
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	4,121,640	(95,041)	255,767	(12,479)	(2,321,421)	(1,053,537)	894,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Premium on short term obligations Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	28,105 66,666 (3,653,300)	95,041	462		2,572,460	1,233,000 (314,329)	28,105 3,967,629 (3,967,629)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(3,558,529)	95,041	462		2,572,460	918,671	28,105
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	563,111		256,229	(12,479)	251,039	(134,866)	923,034
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,501,812		125,316	797,256	446,225	2,869,356	17,739,965
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,064,923	\$ -	\$ 381,545	\$ 784,777	\$ 697,264	\$ 2,734,490	\$ 18,662,999

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	923,034
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacation and sick days) are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Compensated absences for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 changed by:		(6,023)
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability, and total other post-employment benefits obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' retirement system\$ 3,986,854Employees' retirement system499,699Other post-employment benefits944,587		5,431,140
Deferred inflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognized revenues received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenue under the modified accrual method.		
Capital Related Differences		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital outlays 1,376,101 Depreciation expense (2,248,579)		(872,478)
Capital outlays to lease capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual amortization expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Intangible lease capital outlays -		
Amortization expense (62,997)		(62,997)
Long-Term Debt Differences Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduced long-term liabilities in Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		1,940,000
Repayment of energy performance contract debt payable is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		157,424
Repayment of lease obligations principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		65,832
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues. Accrued interest from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 changed by:		22,891
The amortization of deferred charges on bond refunding increases interest expense in the Statement of Activities.		(51,689)
The amortization of a bond premium decreases interest expense in the Statement of Activities.		194,583
Change in Net Position	\$	6,841,741

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of Oyster Bay-East Norwich Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A) Reporting Entity:

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (the "Board") consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the District's financial statements.

B) <u>Joint Venture:</u>

The District is a component district in the Nassau Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract

with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

C) Basis of Presentation:

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the activities of the District's food service operations. The school lunch operations are supported by federal and state grants and charges to participants for its services.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for assets held by the District in accordance with grantor or contributor stipulations. Other activities included in this fund are extraclassroom activities and other educational activities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

D) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The District-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within six months after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, and net pension liabilities, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions of leases with terms greater than one year are reported as other financing sources.

E) Real Property Taxes:

Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than August 15, and become a lien on October 1st and April 1st. Taxes are collected by the Town of Oyster Bay during the periods October 1st through November 10th, and April 1st through May 10th, without penalty.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Nassau County (the "County") in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following July 1.

F) Restricted Resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G) <u>Interfund Transactions:</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flows. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of expenditures include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 10 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H) <u>Estimates:</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of lease liability, compensated absences, worker's compensation claims, other post-employment benefits, net pension asset/liabilities, and useful lives of capital assets and intangible lease assets.

I) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits.

J) Receivables:

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K) Other Assets:

The District carries split dollar life insurance policies for certain current and former administrators. The total cash surrender value of these policies is carried as a long-term asset and included in net position. The split dollar provisions provide for the payment of a portion of the life insurance proceeds to the District upon the demise of the insured or if the policy is cashed in prior to death.

At June 30, 2022, the total cash surrender value of the policies amounted to \$504,561, which was recorded as other assets in the general fund. The corresponding revenue to this asset is included in deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements and is recognized as revenue in the District-Wide Financial Statements.

L) <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items:</u>

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories) has been recognized in the school lunch fund to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. The District had no prepaid items at June 30, 2022.

M) <u>Capital Assets:</u>

Capital assets are reflected in the District-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-Wide Statements are as follows:

	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Building	\$1,000	Straight-line	50 years
Building Improvements	\$1,000	Straight-line	20-50 years
Land Improvements	\$1,000	Straight-line	20 years
Furniture and Equipment	\$1,000	Straight-line	7-15 years
Computer Equipment	\$500	Straight-line	5 years

N) <u>Intangible Lease Assets:</u>

Intangible lease assets are reported at the present value of remaining future lease payments to be made during the lease term. The discount rate utilized is either the interest rate implicit within the lease agreement, or if not readily determinable, the District's estimated incremental borrowing rate. These intangible lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which intangible lease asset acquisitions are added to the intangible lease asset accounts), amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of intangible lease assets reported in the District-Wide Financial Statements follow the same thresholds as noted above for capital assets.

O) <u>Collections in Advance:</u>

Collections in advance arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for collections in advance is removed and revenues are recorded. Collections in advance consisted of unearned revenues from state and local grants in the special aid fund and in the school lunch fund.

P) <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. This amount relates to deferred charges on the refunding of bonds, pensions, and the other post-employment benefits liability reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and is detailed further in Notes 8, 13, and 15, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These amounts are related to the pensions and the other post-employment benefits liability reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and are detailed further in Notes 13, and 15, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet will sometimes report deferred inflows of resources when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. These amounts are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, deferred inflows of resources are classified as revenues. The District-Wide Financial Statements, however, report these deferred inflows of resources as revenues in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. At June 30, 2022, unavailable revenues related to split life insurance policies for \$504,561. This amount was recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the general fund.

Q) <u>Vested Employee Benefits:</u>

Compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. Certain collectively-bargained agreements require these termination payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the Fund Financial Statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis. The liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30th.

R) Other Benefits:

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the

provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the District-Wide Statements, the cost of post-employment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

S) Short-term Debt:

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN and TAN represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities in the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

T) Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations:

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-Wide Financial Statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, compensated absences, lease liability, and other post-employment benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements, only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the Fund Financial Statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

U) Equity Classifications:

District-Wide Financial Statements

In the District-Wide Financial Statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets and intangible assets, net (cost less accumulated depreciation and present value of future lease payments remaining on the lease term less accumulated amortization) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions, or improvements of those assets, net of any unexpended proceeds and including any unamortized items (discounts, premiums, deferred charges on refunding).

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

There are five classifications of fund balance as detailed below; however, in the Fund Financial Statements, there are four classifications of fund balance presented:

<u>Non-spendable fund balance</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the school lunch fund of \$8,398.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District has classified the following as restricted:

Capital Reserve

Capital reserve (GML§3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund and capital projects fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML§6-r) must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. In addition, a subfund of this reserve may also be created to allow for financing retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the

Board. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. The Teachers' Retirement System subfund is subject to contribution limits. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee benefit accrued liability reserve (GML§6-p) must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment insurance reserve (GML§6-m) must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Insurance Reserve

Insurance reserve (GML§6-n) must be used to pay liability, casualty, and other types of losses, except those incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value, and mortgage guarantee. Additionally, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the insurance reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid without judicial approval. Should the Board terminate this reserve, remaining funds in excess of incurred or accrued liabilities may be transferred to any other reserve fund authorized by the General Municipal Law §3651. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Scholarships and Donations

Amounts restricted for scholarships and donations are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, net of earnings and awards. These restricted funds are accounted in the miscellaneous special revenue fund.

Debt Service

Debt service accumulates funds from unused bond proceeds and interest earnings. The accumulated funds must be used to offset the cost of the bond principal and interest payments. This reserve is accounted for in the debt service fund.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (i.e., the Board). The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2022.

Assigned fund balance – Includes amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget. Assigned fund balance also includes Board designations and encumbrances not classified as restricted or committed at the end of the fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> —Includes the residual fund balance for the general fund and includes residual fund balance deficits of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances included in assigned fund balance are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

The District's general fund unassigned fund balance was not in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit.

Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (e.g., expenditures related to reserves), the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or board approved budget revision and then from the unrestricted fund balance. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted fund balances shall be applied first to the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an assignment and then to the unassigned fund balance.

V) New Accounting Pronouncement:

GASB has issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the idea that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. As such, under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible lease asset, and the lessor is required to

recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The District has adopted and implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in 2022. See Note 18 for further consideration.

W) Future Accounting Pronouncement:

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, defines a subscription-based technology arrangement as a contract that conveys control of the right to use a vendor's software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets requiring governments to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

This is the statement that the District feels may have an impact on these financial statements and is not an all-inclusive list of GASB statements issued. The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTE 2 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the Fund Statements and the District-Wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A) Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B) <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities:</u>

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of the three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

Capital related differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items or intangible lease assets in the Fund Financial Statements and depreciation or amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-term debt differences:

Long-term debt differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the Financial Statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A) **Budgets:**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund. Appropriations are adopted at the program line-item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves and budget amendments approved by the Board as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur, subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the fiscal year are shown on the other supplemental information – schedule of change from adopted budget to final budget.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B) <u>Encumbrances:</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other

commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS:

A) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

- A) Uncollateralized;
- B) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name; or
- C) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

All of the District's aggregate bank balances were covered by depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name at year end.

B) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022 included \$13,758,206 within the governmental funds for capital projects, scholarships and donations, debt service, and general reserve purposes.

C) <u>Investments:</u>

The District does not typically purchase investments for long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically

purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 5 – PARTICIPATION IN BOCES:

During the fiscal year, the District was billed \$2,963,024 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$534,132. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the Nassau BOCES administrative office at Nassau BOCES, 71 Clinton Road, P.O. Box 9195, Garden City, NY 11530-9195.

NOTE 6 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments in the general fund at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

BOCES aid	\$ 258,567
Tuition from other districts	110,774
	\$ 369,341

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 7 – STATE AND FEDERAL AID RECEIVABLE:

State and federal aid receivable at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

\$ 164,393
\$ 164,393
\$ 107,516
531,431
\$ 638,947
\$ 163,980
4,475
\$ 168,455
\$ 971,795
\$ \$ \$

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 8 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

The deferred charges on refunding recorded in the District-Wide Financial Statements as deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	al Amount Refunding	cumulated nortization	Balance at June 30, 2022		
2013 Bond Refunding	\$ 13,029	\$ 13,029	\$	-	
2015 Bond Refunding Total deferred charges on refunding, net	\$ 409,205 422,234	\$ 356,209 369,238	\$	52,996 52,996	

The deferred charges on the 2013 and 2015 refundings are being amortized using the straight-line method over 10 years and eight years, respectively, which represents the time to maturity of the refunded bonds at the point of refunding. Amortization is included as a component of interest expense on the District-Wide Financial Statements.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSETS:

A) Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$645,350			\$645,350
Construction in progress	5,107,393	\$1,053,537	(\$1,103,906)	5,057,024
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,752,743	1,053,537	(1,103,906)	5,702,374
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and building improvements	59,950,932		1,103,906	61,054,838
Furniture and equipment	5,081,367	210,105		5,291,472
Land improvements	4,994,862			4,994,862
Total capital assets being depreciated	70,027,161	210,105	1,103,906	71,341,172
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and building improvements	25,008,860	1,673,324	(114,358)	26,567,826
Furniture and equipment	3,076,720	398,854	840	3,476,414
Land improvements	3,126,353	176,401	1,059	3,303,813
Total accumulated depreciation	31,211,933	2,248,579	(112,459)	33,348,053
Total capital assets being depreciated,net	38,815,228	(2,038,474)	1,216,365	37,993,119
Capital assets, net	\$44,567,971	(\$984,937)	\$112,459	\$43,695,493

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 1,481,118
Instruction	760,333
Food service program	7,128
Total Expense	\$ 2,248,579

B) Intangible Lease Assets

The following schedule summarizes the District's intangible lease asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	E	Beginning			Retire	ments/		Ending
	Balance		Additions		Reclassifications		Balance	
Governmental activities:								
Intangible lease assets								
Furniture & equipment	\$	243,908	\$	-	\$	-	\$	243,908
Total intangible lease assets being amortized		243,908						243,908
Less accumulated amortization:								
Furniture & equipment		-		62,997		-		62,997
Total accumulated amortization		-		62,997				62,997
Total intangible lease assets, net	\$	243,908	\$	(62,997)	\$		\$	180,911

Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction \$ 62,997 \$ 62,997

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

	Interfund					Interfund				
	I	Receivable Payable			Revenues	Expenditures				
General fund	\$	607,739	\$	143,527	\$	66,666	\$	3,653,300		
Special aid fund				546,315		95,041				
School lunch fund				1,416		462				
Miscellaneous special revenue fund		143,527								
Debt service fund		251,009				2,572,460				
Capital projects fund				311,017		1,233,000		314,329		
Totals	\$	1,002,275	\$	1,002,275	\$	3,967,629	\$	3,967,629		

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund to fund the District's share of the costs for the summer program for students with disabilities required by New York State law and to fund the State Supported Section 4201 schools. The District transferred from the general fund to the school lunch fund to cover the negative balances on students who owe money to the District for meals. The District transferred from the general fund to the debt service fund to pay for annual debt service obligations, including principal and interest on serial bonds and energy performance contract debt. The District transferred from the general fund to the capital projects fund to finance capital construction projects and technology projects. The District transferred from the capital projects fund to the general fund and debt service fund unneeded authorizations for capital projects completed.

NOTE 11 - SHORT-TERM DEBT:

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Begi	nning					E	Ending
	Maturity	Rate	Bal	ance	Issued			Redeemed	B	Balance
TAN	6/24/2022	1.25%		-		5,000,000		5,000,000	\$	-
Tota	al		\$	-	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	-

Interest on short-term debt for the year amounted to \$39,757.

This debt was issued for interim financing of general fund operations.

NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	A	s Restated								
]	Beginning			Re	eclassed and		Due Wit		
		Balance	Issued		Redeemed		Ending Balance		One Year	
Bonds payable:										
Construction serial - refunding	\$	650,000	\$		\$	(320,000)	\$	330,000	\$	330,000
Construction serial - refunding		2,515,000				(1,230,000)		1,285,000		1,285,000
Construction serial		2,655,000				(390,000)		2,265,000		410,000
Total bonds payable		5,820,000				(1,940,000)		3,880,000		2,025,000
Premiums on obligations		648,029				(194,583)		453,446		194,583
Total bonds payable		6,468,029		-		(2,134,583)		4,333,446		2,219,583
Other liabilities:										
Lease liability		243,908				(65,832)		178,076		51,889
Energy performance contract debt payable		237,811				(157,424)		80,387		80,387
Installment purchase debt payable		179,347				(179,347)		-		
Compensated absences payable		235,953		6,023				241,976		66,861
Net pension liability - proportionate share:										
Employees' retirement system		12,282		3,494,857		(3,507,139)		-		
Teachers' retirement system		4,018,746		34,362,422		(38,381,168)		-		
Total other post-employment										
benefits		84,942,404				(14,580,241)		70,362,163		
Total long-term liabilities	\$	96,338,480	\$	37,863,302	\$	(59,005,734)	\$	75,196,048	\$	2,418,720

The beginning balance for long-term liabilities was restated. See Note 18 for further details.

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, energy performance contract debt payable, compensated absences payable, total other post-employment benefits.

A) Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Ou	itstanding at
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Serial refunding bond	2013	2023	2.0 - 3.00%	\$	330,000
Serial refunding bond	2015	2022	2.0 - 5.00%		1,285,000
Serial construction bond	2017	2027	5.00%		2,265,000
				\$	3,880,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total		
2023	\$ 2,025,000	\$ 145,550	-	\$	2,170,550	
2024	430,000	92,750			522,750	
2025	450,000	71,250			521,250	
2026	475,000	48,750			523,750	
2027	500,000	25,000			525,000	
	\$ 3,880,000	\$ 383,300	-	\$	4,263,300	

Upon default of the payment of principal and interest on the serial bond holders of the District, the bond holders have the right to litigate and the New York State Comptroller is required, under the conditions and to the extent prescribed by Section 99-b of the New York State Finance Law, to withhold state aid and assistance of the District and apply the amount so withheld to the payment of the defaulted principal or interest with respect to the serial bonds.

B) Premiums on Bonds:

Premiums on bonds, net of accumulated amortization, are reported as a component of the related long-term liability, and amounted to \$453,446 at June 30, 2022. This represents premiums received on the 2017 bond issuance and 2013 and 2015 bond refunding. These premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over the respective lives of the bonds. Amortization is recorded as a reduction in interest expense on the District-Wide Statement of Activities. As of June 30, 2022, the premiums recorded in the District-Wide Financial Statements consisted of:

	2013 Refunding		2015 Refunding			7 Issuance	<u>Total</u>
Premium on bonds	\$	129,519	\$	888,505	\$	665,078	\$1,683,102
Accumulated amortization		(129,519)		(776,271)		(323,866)	(1,229,656)
Premium on bonds, net of accumulated amortization	\$	-	\$	112,234	\$	341,212	\$ 453,446

C) Lease Liability

In 2022, the District adopted and implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. As such, the District recognized a lease liability obligation and an intangible lease asset for agreements whereby the District obtains the right to the present service capacity of an underlying asset and the right to determine the nature and manner of an underlying asset's use for a period of one year or greater. The District has entered into such lease agreements for various copiers and other equipment items with interest rates ranging from 0.42% to 1.89%.

Principal and interest expense paid on the District's lease liability amounted to \$65,833 and \$1,044, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The following is a summary of the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the District's leases:

Fiscal	Year	Ended
riscai	I Cai	Lilucu

June 30,	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	51,889	\$	707	\$ 52,596
2024		52,127		468	52,595
2025		52,367		229	52,596
2026		21,693		31	21,724
	\$	178,076	\$	1,435	\$ 179,511

D) Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable

Energy performance contract debt payable is comprised of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding at
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2022
Energy performance contract debt	2011	2023	3.88%	\$ 80,387

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for energy performance contract debt payable.

Fiscal \	ear .	Ended
----------	-------	-------

June 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2023	\$	80,387	\$	1,137	\$ 81,524
	\$	80,387	\$	1,137	\$ 81,524

E) **Long-Term Interest**

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

	 Total
Interest paid	\$ 228,418
Plus amortization of deferred charges on refunding	51,689
Less amortization of deferred premium on bond	(194,583)
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(52,594)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	29,703
Total expense	\$ 62,633

NOTE 13 – PENSION PLANS:

A) **Provisions and Administration:**

i) Teachers' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10-member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors, and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ii) Employees' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple –employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all new assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be

diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany NY 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire.

B) **Funding Policies:**

The Systems are noncontributory, except as follows:

- 1. New York State Teachers' Retirement System:
 - a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
 - b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010 before April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute 3.5% of their salary throughout active membership.
 - c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.
- 2. New York State Employees' Retirement System
 - a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
 - b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010 before April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary throughout active membership.
 - c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.

For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund, for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District's contribution rates for ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 ranged from 10.70% to 18.30% of covered payroll.

Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for TRS. The District's contribution rate for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 9.80% of covered payroll.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years based on covered payroll for the District's year end were:

	N	YSERS	NYSTRS
2022	\$	657,677	\$ 2,541,465
2021	\$	602,949	\$ 2,429,950
2020	\$	598,314	\$ 2,187,076

C) <u>Pension Assets and Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset (liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset (liability) was measured as of March 31, 2022, for ERS and June 30, 2021, for TRS. The total pension asset (liability) used to calculate the net pension asset (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Net pension asset (liability)	\$ 1,019,110	\$ 26,032,453
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset (liability)	0.0124668%	0.150224%
Change in proportion since the prior		
measurement date	0.0001319%	0.004790%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$139,383 for ERS and \$1,444,054 for TRS. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	Е	RS	TRS		ERS			TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	77,179	\$	3,588,297	\$	100,105	\$	135,250
Changes of assumptions	1,7	700,780		8,562,618	\$	28,699		1,516,314
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		3,337,158	2	27,245,656
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2	217,136		197,800		28,895		222,344
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1	25,893		2,541,465				
	\$ 2,1	20,988	\$	14,890,180	\$	3,494,857	\$ 2	29,119,564

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset (liability) in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 ERS	 TRS
Plan Year ended:		
2022	\$	\$ 3,312,097
2023	181,152	3,948,956
2021	323,669	4,986,257
2025	836,752	6,588,841
2026	158,189	(1,217,294)
Thereafter		(848,008)
	\$ 1,499,762	\$ 16,770,849

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset (liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset (liability) to the measurement date.

The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	5.18% - 1.95%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.4% annually	1.3% annually
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 -	July 1, 2015 -
	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
	System's Experience	System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.40%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized below:

]	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>		
Measurement Date	March	31, 2022	June 30, 2021		
	Long-term			Long-term	
	<u>Target</u>	expected real	<u>Target</u>	expected real	
Asset type	Allocation	rate of return	Allocation	rate of return	
Domestic equity	32%	3.30%	33%	6.80%	
International equity	15%	5.85%	16%	7.60%	
Global equity			4%	7.10%	
Private equity	10%	6.50%	8%	10.00%	
Real estate	9%	5.00%	11%	6.50%	
Opportunistic/Absolute return strategy	3%	4.10%			
Credit	4%	3.78%			
Real assets	3%	5.58%			
Fixed income	23%	0.00%			
Cash	1%	-1.00%			
Domestic fixed income securities			16%	1.30%	
Global bonds			2%	0.80%	
High-yield bonds			1%	3.80%	
Private debt			1%	5.90%	
Real estate debt			7%	3.30%	
Cash equivalents			1%	-0.20%	
-	100%		100%		

The expected real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumptions of 2.50% for ERS, and 2.40% for TRS.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset (liability) was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset (liability).

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95 for TRS) than the current rate.

	1%		Current			1%
	Decrease		Assumption			Increase
ERS		(4.90%)		(5.90%)		(6.90%)
Employer's proportionate share		_		_		_
of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(2,623,178)	\$	1,019,110	\$	4,065,708
		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease	Α	ssumption		Increase
TRS		(5.95%)		(6.95%)		(7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share						
of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	2,731,726	\$	26,032,453	\$	45,615,023

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset (liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	ERS			TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2022 June 30			June 30, 2021	
Employers' total pension asset (liability)	\$	(223,874,888)	\$	(130,819,415)	
Plan fiduciary net position		232,049,473		148,148,457	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	8,174,585	\$	17,329,042	
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the					
Employers' total pension asset (liability)		103.65%		113.25%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$125,893.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022 through a state aid intercept, with a balance to be paid by the District, if necessary. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$2,785,507.

NOTE 14 – RETIREMENT PLANS – OTHER:

A) <u>Tax Sheltered Annuities:</u>

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain termination payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$60,000 and \$1,376,098 respectively.

B) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan:</u>

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for eligible employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$207,361.

NOTE 15 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB):

A) General Information about the OPEB Plan:

Plan Description

The District's OPEB Plan (the "Plan"), defined as a single employer defined benefit plan, primarily provides post-employment health insurance coverage to retired employees and their eligible dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. Benefits are provided through the New York State Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP), and are administered by Empire BlueCross BlueShield, United Healthcare, and MEDCO. Article 37 of the Statutes of the State assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and Medicare Part B benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefit terms provide for the District to contribute varying percentages of premiums for retirees (depending on the coverage at the date of retirement) and 0% to 79% of the premiums for surviving spouses and family depending on the coverage selected and date of retirement. The District recognizes the cost of the Plan annually as expenditures in the fund financial statements as payments are accrued. For fiscal year 2022, the District contributed an estimated \$2,447,091 to the Plan, including \$2,447,091 for current premiums and \$0 to prefund benefits. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund OPEB by any other means than the "pay as you go" method.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments			
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-		
Active employees	178		
Total	459		

B) <u>Total OPEB Liability:</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$70,362,163 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.60%
Discount rate	3.54%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.30% decreasing to 4.10% over 55 years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 20% to 25% of health insurance premiums for retirees,

20% to 25% of premiums for family coverage, and

100% of surviving spouse coverage

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PubT- 2010 headcount-weighted mortality table for teaching positions and PubG-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table for non-teaching positions, both generationally projected using the MP-2019 Ultimate Scale, with employee rates before commencement and healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement. This assumption includes a margin for future improvements in longevity.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

C) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 84,942,404
Changes for the fiscal year:	
Service cost	3,121,047
Interest	1,875,884
Changes of benefit terms	-
Changes of demographic gains or losses	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(17,130,081)
Benefit payments	(2,447,091)
Net changes	(14,580,241)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 70,362,163

Changes in assumptions or other inputs include the following:

• The discount rate was changed from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 82,220,972	\$ 70,362,163	\$ 60,861,543

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.30%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.30%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare		
		Cost Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
	(4.30%	(5.30%	(6.30%	
	decreasing	decreasing to	decreasing	
	to 3.10%)	4.10%)	to 5.10%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 60,540,298	\$ 70,362,163	\$ 83,189,096	

D) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,502,504. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	Deferred Inflows of		rred Outflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	(2,352,726)	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	$\frac{(20,402,897)}{(22,755,623)}$	\$	12,098,649

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (3,494,427)
2024	(1,770,654)
2025	(1,537,626)
2026	(1,535,116)
2027	(2,038,330)
Thereafter	 (280,821)
	\$ (10,656,974)

NOTE 16 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A) General:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

B) Public Entity Risk Pool:

The District participates in the Nassau County Schools Cooperative Self Insured Plan for Workers' Compensation, a risk sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public school entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The Workers' Compensation Plan's total liability for unbilled and open claims at June 30, 2022, discounted at 2.0%, was \$18,122,866. The Workers' Compensation Plan has plan assets of \$24,787,526 at June 30, 2022 to

pay these liabilities. If the District leaves the plan or if the plan is terminated, the District will be liable for the District's open claims at that time.

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A) **Encumbrances:**

All encumbrances are classified as assigned or restricted fund balance. At June 30, 2022, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance

General fund

General support	\$ 146,805
Instruction	 33,435
	\$ 180,240

Restricted Fund Balance:

Capital projects fund

Capital projects \$ 699,082

B) Grants:

The District has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C) <u>Litigation:</u>

As of June 30, 2022, we are unaware of any pending or threatened litigation or unasserted claims or assessments against the District which require disclosure.

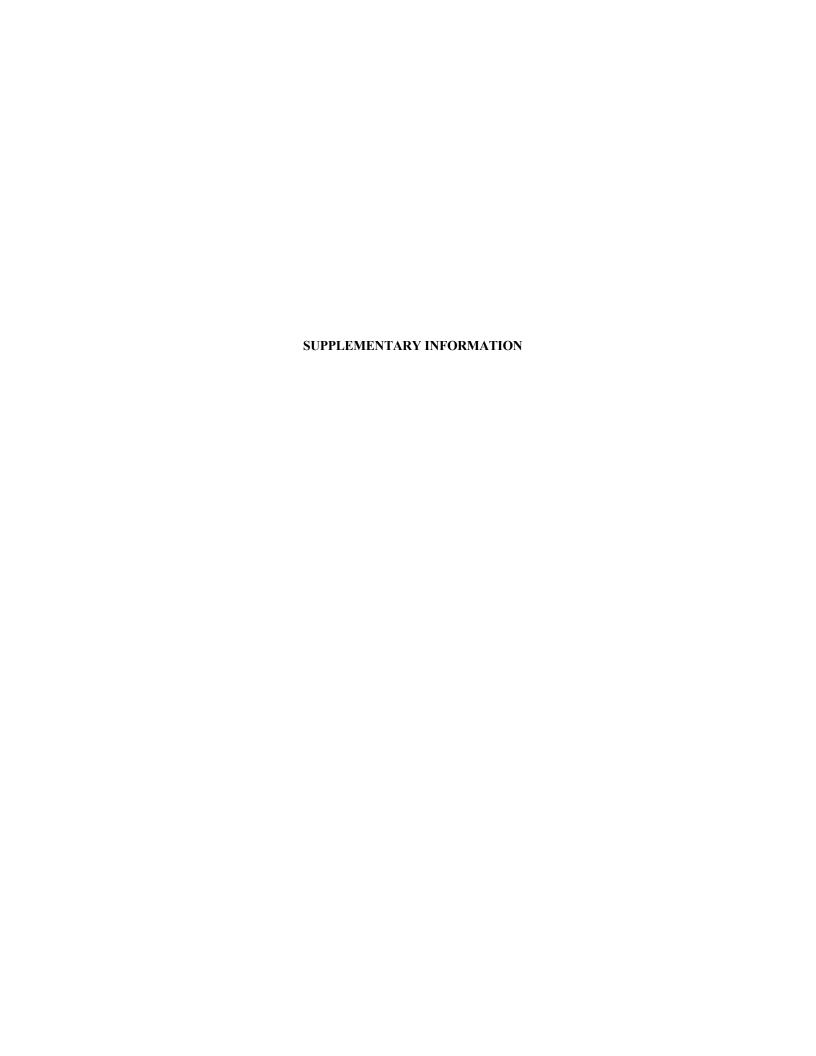
NOTE 18– RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The adoption and implementation of this Statement resulted in the restatement of opening balances of non-current assets and long-term liabilities. These changes have been restated as follows:

	Statement of Net Position (Deficit)
Fund Balance/Net Position Beginning of Year as Reported	\$ (18,358,543)
Intangible lease assets	243,908
Total Assets	243,908
Installment purchase debt Lease liability	179,347 (243,908)
Total Liabilities	(64,561)
Fund Balance/Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated	\$ (18,179,196)

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued, must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the District through the date of this report and concluded that there were no events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.



OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ori	ginal Budget	F	inal Budget	(Buc	Actual lgetary Basis)	nal Budget Variance h Budgetary Actual
REVENUES							
Local sources							
Real property taxes	\$	52,997,985	\$	52,997,985	\$	53,112,712	\$ 114,727
Other tax items		2,186,613		2,186,613		2,143,117	(43,496)
Charges for services		1,028,500		1,028,500		1,163,448	134,948
Use of money and property		50,000		50,000		93,663	43,663
Sale of property and compensation for loss		20,000		20,000		37,820	17,820
Miscellaneous		112,000		118,174		248,452	130,278
State sources							
Basic formula		1,637,324		1,637,324		1,674,301	36,977
Excess cost aid		585,000		585,000		703,470	118,470
Lottery aid		115,000		115,000		68,804	(46,196)
BOCES aid		600,000		600,000		534,132	(65,868)
Tuition for students with disabilities		100,000		100,000		97,768	(2,232)
Textbook aid		170,000		170,000		108,695	(61,305)
Computer software aid		33,000		33,000		33,226	226
Library A/V loan program aid		3,000		3,000		6,159	3,159
Other state aid		45,000		45,000		-	(45,000)
Federal sources							
Medicaid reimbursement		68,000		68,000		66,822	(1,178)
CARES Act		08,000		00,000		4,657	4,657
CARLS ACC						4,037	4,037
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Premium on short term obligations		30,000		30,000		28,105	(1,895)
Transfers from other funds						66,666	 66,666
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		59,781,422		59,787,596	\$	60,192,017	\$ 404,421
Appropriated fund balance		1,228,081		1,228,081			
Appropriated reserves		633,232		1,866,232			
TOTAL REVENUES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE, & RESERVES	\$	61,642,735	\$	62,881,909			

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						Actual	Y	ear-End	Va	nal Budget riance with getary Actual
	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	inal Budget	(Buc	dgetary Basis)	Enc	umbrances	& Er	cumbrances
EXPENDITURES										
General Support										
Board of education	\$	83,742	\$	112,790	\$	106,969	\$	400	\$	5,421
Central administration		374,652		435,652		434,549				1,103
Finance		816,838		1,012,226		976,370		20,900		14,956
Staff		555,251		528,316		339,967				188,349
Central services		4,887,534		5,172,925		4,616,028		125,505		431,392
Special items		463,000		481,280		479,406				1,874
Total General Support		7,181,017		7,743,189		6,953,289		146,805		643,095
Instructional										
Instruction, administration, and improvements		3,090,140		3,223,418		3,037,094		493		185,831
Teaching - regular school		18,301,625		17,778,596		17,442,255		4,776		331,565
Programs for children with disabilities		7,442,622		7,747,035		7,288,034		-,,,,		459,001
Occupational education		144,000		181,060		181,060				-
Teaching special schools		312,750		60,000		48,861				11.139
Instructional media		781,462		773,759		687,528		9,591		76,640
Pupil services		3,951,827		4,170,024		3,998,102		18,575		153,347
Total Instructional		34,024,426		33,933,892		32,682,934		33,435		1,217,523
Total Instructional		34,024,420		33,933,692		32,082,934		33,433		1,217,323
Pupil transportation		3,781,681		3,914,381		3,909,320		-		5,061
Community services		38,500		47,000		36,955		-		10,045
Employee benefits		13,956,913		13,312,290		12,286,475				1,025,815
Debt service										
Debt Service Principal				65,832		65,832		-		-
Debt Service Interest		150,000		72,527		40,801		-		31,726
Total Debt Sevice		150,000		138,359		106,633		-		31,726
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		59,132,537		59,089,111		55,975,606		180,240		2,933,265
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfers to other funds		2,509,798		3,792,798		3,653,300		-		139,498
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	61,642,335	\$	62,881,909	\$	59,628,906	\$	180,240	\$	3,072,763
Net Change in Fund Balance						563,111				
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						13,501,812				
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$	14,064,923				

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	3,121,047	\$	2,598,062	\$ 2,059,618	\$	3,388,575	\$	3,189,686	
Interest		1,875,884		1,679,773	2,159,550		2,511,707		2,399,663	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-	-		(459,503)		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience (demographic gains/losses)		-		(2,139,187)	-		(2,849,263)		(110,467)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(17,130,081)		10,607,889	11,763,183		(21,283,590)		-	
Benefit payments		(2,447,091)		(2,414,617)	 (2,010,065)		(1,994,702)		(1,892,022)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(14,580,241)		10,331,920	13,972,286		(20,686,776)		3,586,860	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		84,942,404		74,610,484	60,638,198		81,324,974		77,738,114	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	70,362,163	\$	84,942,404	\$ 74,610,484	\$	60,638,198	\$	81,324,974	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	19,089,600	\$	19,089,600	\$ 19,337,680	\$	19,337,680	\$	28,797,253	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		368.59%		444.97%	385.83%		313.58%		282.41%	

Notes to Schedule:

Trust Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate was 3.54% as of June 30, 2022.

The discount rate was 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

The discount rate was 2.21% as of June 30, 2020.

The discount rate was 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

The discount rate was 3.00% as of June 30, 2018.

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years; additional years will be displayed as they become available

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/(LIABILITY) FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NYSERS Pension Plan

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension (liability) asset	0.012467%	0.012335%	0.012704%	0.012863%	0.012289%	0.013014%	0.014146%	0.013945%	0.013945%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) asset	\$ 1,019,110	\$ (12,282)	\$ (3,364,032)	\$ (911,362)	\$ (396,614)	\$ (1,222,866)	\$ (2,270,386)	\$ (471,101)	\$ (630,161)
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,224,040	\$ 4,171,402	\$ 4,056,933	\$ 4,202,031	\$ 3,632,738	\$ 3,935,457	\$ 4,319,751	\$ 4,242,803	\$ 4,156,699
District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	24.13%	0.29%	82.92%	21.69%	10.92%	31.07%	52.56%	11.10%	15.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension (liability) asset	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.95%	97.20%
		NYSTRS	Pension Plan						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension (liability) asset	0.150224%	0.145434%	0.146596%	0.145392%	0.147515%	0.148010%	0.154514%	0.152135%	0.147588%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) asset	\$ 26,032,453	\$ (4,018,746)	\$ 3,808,578	\$ 2,629,071	\$ 1,121,261	\$ (1,585,252)	\$ 16,049,047	\$ 16,946,864	\$ 971,500
District's covered payroll	\$ 26,527,409	\$ 25,816,536	\$ 25,476,057	\$ 24,874,454	\$ 23,925,501	\$ 23,479,077	\$ 24,030,326	\$ 23,206,423	\$ 22,615,515
District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability) asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	98.13%	15.57%	14.95%	10.57%	4.69%	6.75%	66.79%	73.03%	4.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension (liability) asset	113.20%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement dates of the plans.

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NYSERS Pension Plan

			N	SERS Pension	rian							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 657,677	\$ 602,949	\$ 598,314	\$ 594,201	\$ 601,100	\$ 611,418	\$ 696,158	\$ 811,858	\$ 762,680	\$ 722,593		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	657,677	602,949	598,314	594,201	601,100	611,418	696,158	811,858	762,680	722,593		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,201,870	\$ 4,279,898	\$ 3,977,230	\$ 4,246,027	\$ 3,991,300	\$ 3,935,086	\$ 4,395,761	\$ 4,334,740	\$ 4,307,660	\$ 4,227,031		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.65%	14.09%	15.04%	13.99%	15.06%	15.54%	15.84%	18.73%	17.71%	17.09%		
NYSTRS Pension Plan												
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,541,465	\$ 2,429,950	\$ 2,187,076	\$ 2,598,638	\$ 2,320,907	\$ 2,739,700	\$ 3,028,514	\$ 4,068,722	\$ 3,651,809	\$ 2,559,615		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,541,465	2,429,950	2,187,076	2,598,638	2,320,907	2,739,700	3,028,514	4,068,722	3,651,809	2,559,615		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
District's covered payroll	\$ 26,961,282	\$ 26,527,409	\$ 25,816,536	\$ 25,476,057	\$ 24,874,454	\$ 23,925,501	\$ 23,479,077	\$ 24,030,326	\$ 23,206,423	\$ 22,615,515		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.43%	9.16%	8.47%	10.20%	9.33%	11.45%	12.90%	16.93%	15.74%	11.32%		

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget			\$ 61,409,503
Add: Prior year's encumbrances			233,232
Original Budget	61,642,735		
Budget Revisions: Gifts and donations	\$	6,174	
Appropriated Reserves: Capital and technology reserve		1,233,000	
Total Budget Revisions:			1,239,174
Final Budget			\$ 62,881,909
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION	N		
2022-2023 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 62,107,217
Maximum allowed (4% of the 2022-23 budget)	\$ 2,484,289		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:			
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$	1,408,321 2,484,289	
Total unrestricted fund balance			3,892,610
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments	\$	1,228,081 180,240	1,408,321
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law			\$ 2,484,289
Actual percentage			4.00%

OYSTER BAY-EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

DD C VD CT TVT V	Original	Revised		xpenditures to Da		Unexpended	Proceeds of	State	Methods of Finan Capital	Budgetary	T	Fund Balance
PROJECT TITLE Capital Projects 2013-14	Appropriation	Appropriation	Prior Year's	Current Year	Total	Balance	Obligations	Aid	Reserve	Transfers	Total	June 30, 2022
JV Gas Conversion (#0003-018)	\$ 76,224	\$ 76,224	\$ 69,466	\$ 6,758	\$ 76,224	s -	\$	\$	\$ 76,224	s	\$ 76,224	s -
OBHS West Side Boiler (#0001-xxx)	150,000	150,000	48,035	9 0,730	48,035	101,965	Ψ	J.	150,000	J	150,000	101,965
Other closed projects	1,563,776	1,563,776	1,534,642	29,135	1,563,777	(1)			1,493,777	70,000	1,563,777	-
Siller elosed projects	1,505,770	1,505,770	1,551,612	25,133	1,505,777	(.)			1,123,777	70,000	1,000,777	
Capital Projects 2015-16	1 650 000	1.560.762	1 407 005		1 407 005	72.667			1.500.702		1.500.702	72.667
Technology (non-aidable)	1,650,000	1,569,762	1,497,095	1064	1,497,095	72,667			1,569,762		1,569,762	72,667
TR AIS Renv	120,000	8,338	6,374	1,964	8,338	-			8,338		8,338	-
Capital Projects 2017-18												
District-wide Cafeteria Sound Panels (non-aidable)	110,000	80,149	63,676	16,473	80,149	-			80,149		80,149	-
District-wide CO Detectors (#7999-003)	96,000	96,000	39,808		39,808	56,192			96,000		96,000	56,192
JV Maintenance Garage (#3021-002)	98,000	98,000	15,830		15,830	82,170			98,000		98,000	82,170
JV Science/Special Ed Renv (non-aidable)	70,000	143,300	136,799	6,501	143,300	-			143,300		143,300	-
TR Parking Lot, Toilet Renv (#0005-018)	427,000	379,600	25,972	239,063	265,035	114,565			379,600		379,600	114,565
OBHS Gas Upgrade, Parking Lot (#0001-034)	575,000	597,900	613,136	(15,236)	597,900	-			597,900		597,900	-
OBHS Masonry Restoration (non-aidable)	145,000	151,951	151,949	2	151,951	-				151,951	151,951	-
Capital Projects 2018-19												
JV Playground Fiber Reny (non-aidable)	160,000	30,000	6,361	500	6,861	23,139			30,000		30,000	23,139
JV Field House (non-aidable)	430,000	530,000	516,153	13,847	530,000				530,000		530,000	,
TR Asphalt Renv (non-aidable)	35,000	35,000	28,945	6,055	35,000	_			35,000		35,000	_
TR Multi-toilet Renv (#0005-018)	425,000	455,000	433,103	-,	433,103	21,897			455,000		455,000	21,897
OBHS Locker Room Renv (#0001-042)	85,000	85,000	57,479		57,479	27,521			85,000		85,000	27,521
OBHS Auditorium A/C (#0001-038)	900,000	900,000	821,202		821,202	78,798			750,000	150,000	900,000	78,798
OBHS Masonry Restoration (non-aidable)	55,000	55,000	2,659	52,341	55,000	-				55,000	55,000	-
Canital Projects 2010 20												
Capital Projects 2019-20 District-wide Air Conditioning (non-aidable)	225,000	140,000	79,947		79,947	60,053			140,000		140,000	60,053
JV Casework, Music Suite Renv (#0003-023)	260,000	430,000	427,008	-	427,008	2,992			430,000		430,000	2,992
JV Turf Field (#0003-023)	2,510,000	2,355,000	2,343,421	-	2,343,421	11,579			2,355,000		2,355,000	11,579
TR Playground Renv (non-aidable)	102,000	102,000	69,930	19,431	89,361	12,639			102,000		102,000	12,639
OBHS West Side Boiler Add'l App	275,000	275,000	205,584	19,431	205,584	69,416			275,000		275,000	69,416
OBHS Cafeteria Upgrades (non-aidable)	110,000	180,000	179,621	379	180,000	09,410			180,000		180,000	09,410
Tech: 1:1 Device Phase #2 (non-aidable)	261,000	261,000	260,508	492	261,000	-			261,000		261,000	-
	425,000	425,000	421,969	492	421,969	3,031			425,000		425,000	3,031
Tech: Phones, Boards, Cabling (non-aidable) OBHS Masonry Restoration (non-aidable)	70,000	70,000	421,909	1,720	1,720	68,280			423,000	70,000	70,000	68,280
Capital Projects 2020-21												
JV Playground Fibar Renv Add'l (non-aidable)	225,000	225,000	13,714		13,714	211,286			225,000		225,000	211,286
OBHS Gym Air Conditioning (0001-045)	440,000	440,000		277,978	277,978	162,022			440,000		440,000	162,022
Tech: 1:1 Device Phase #3 (non-aidable)	265,000	265,000	104,112	-	104,112	160,888			265,000		265,000	160,888
Capital Projects 2020-21 From Appropriations												
TR Hot Water	20,000	20,000	19,625	375	20,000	-				20,000	20,000	-
JV Fence	21,000	21,000	-	21,000	21,000	-				21,000	21,000	-
JV Casework	59,000	59,000	4,665	34,667	39,332	19,668				59,000	59,000	19,668
Capital Projects 2021-22												
Tech: 1:1	225,475	225,475	116,483	95,952	212,435	13,040			225,475		225,475	13,040
TR Casework	200,000	200,000	4,688	190,780	195,468	4,532			200,000		200,000	4,532
HS Plaster Repair	50,000	50,000	3,150	27,852	31,002	18,998			50,000		50,000	18,998
OBJE Marie Wine Barratan dan												
OBHS Music Wing Reconstruction OBHS Security Vestibule (#0001-039)	280,148	480,149	283,821		283,821	196,328		200,00	00 280,148		480,148	196,327
Music Wing Reconstruction (#0001-040)	7,125,111	6,987,526	6,739,864	247,662	6,987,526	190,328	4,491,791	200,00	2,495,735		6,987,526	190,327
Music Wing Reconstruction (#0001-040)	/,123,111	0,987,320	0,/39,804	247,002	0,987,320	-	4,491,791		2,493,733		6,987,326	-
2021 Bond (21st Century Capital Improvements)	29,971,202	29,971,202		92,174	92,174	29,879,028	29,971,202				29,971,202	29,879,028
Capital Projects 2022-23												
Technology Reserve - Instructional Devices	538,000	538,000			-	538,000			538,000		538,000	538,000
Capital Reserve - HS Aud Upgrades/Library AC	495,000	495,000			-	495,000			495,000		495,000	495,000
Capital Reserve - JV Casework	75,000	75,000			-	75,000			75,000		75,000	75,000
Capital Reserve - TR Casework/Floor Replacement	125,000	125,000				125,000			125,000		125,000	125,000
Unissed debt												(29,971,203)
TOTAL	¢ 51 522 026	\$ 51,420,352	\$ 17 346 704	\$ 1,367,865	¢ 19 714 650	\$ 22 705 602	\$ 34,462,993	\$ 200,00	00 \$ 16,160,408	\$ 506.051	\$ 51,420,352	\$ 2,734,490
IVIAL	\$ 21,343,930	φ 31, 4 20,332	φ 17,540,794	φ 1,507,605	g 10,/14,039	\$ 52,705,093	9 34,402,393	φ 200,00	3 10,100,408	a 370,731	φ 31,420,332	o 2,754,490

OYSTER BAY - EAST NORWICH CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2022

Capital assets, net Intangible lease assets, net	\$	43,695,493 180,911
Add:		
Deferred charges on refunding \$ 52,996	-	52,996
Deduct:		- ,
Short-term portion of bonds payable (inclusive of unamortized premiums) \$ 2,219,583 Long-term portion of bonds payable (inclusive of unamortized premiums) 2,113,863		
	-	4,333,446
Short-term portion of lease liability \$ 51,889 Long-term portion of lease liability \$ 126,187		
Short-term portion of energy performance contract debt payable \$80,387 Long-term portion of energy performance contract debt payable -	_	178,076
		80,387
Net investment in capital assets	\$	39,337,491



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Oyster Bay – East Norwich Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Oyster Bay – East Norwich Central School District (the "District"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

R. d. abrama+ Co. XXP

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP Islandia, New York September 20, 2022